LEGAL FRAMEWORK ON INDUSTRIAL AIR POLLUTION

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INDUSTRY

Unfortunately very often comes with important environmental effects either with the form of introduction of pollutants into the natural environment or with spatial problems.

Types of pollution:

a) emision of atmoseferic pollutants

b) liquid pollutants

c) solid wastes

d) sound pollution

- The European union has established one of the most austere enviromental archetype. Esentially, this policy promotes the model of “green development”.
- Greece as a member of the EU has the responsibility and obligation to apply the environmental policy of the Union, following the guidelines to ensure the harmonious coexistence of industrial activity with the environment and society.

N.1650/1986, (ΦΕΚ 160/Α/16-10-86)

This is one of the more generalized laws that concern the protection of the environment.

- Among its goals is the prevention of pollution and in general the degradation of environment as well as the taking of necessary measures.
- There is also a specific reference for the protection of the atmosphere.

N. 4042/2012ΦΕΚ 24/13-02-2012 (LEGAL PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT)

- constitutes compliance to provisions of the Guideline 2008/99/ΕΚ

Υ.Α οικ.70601/2013,ΦΕΚ.3272/23-12-2013

The aim of this decision is:
a) the discernment of the levels of concentration of particulate matter (ΑΣ10).
b) the establishment of measures for updating and protecting the population.
c) the establishment of measures for the reduction of emission of particulate matter (ΑΣ10).

Article 5
Reference of the levels of concentration of particulate matter(ΑΣ10) and short term measures for reduction of emissions from the industrial-craft industrial activities.

Υ.Α 36060/1155/Ε.103, ΦΕΚ1450/14-06-2013

- compliance to the provisions of the guideline 2010/75/ΕΕ,
- Article 34 of present Υ.Α (article 38 of guideline 2010/75/ΕΕ)-tracking of atmospheric emissions.

1) The tracking of atmospheric pollutants is done by the operator
2) The results of surveillance are presented by the operator in such a way as to allow the competent environmental authority to verify the compliance with the operation terms and the emission limit values.

Υ.Α ΟΙΚ.6164/2018, ΦΕΚ.1107/Β/27-03-2018

- compliance towards the provisions of guideline 2015/2193 of EU
- Sanctions

  Criminal and administrative sanctions are imposed according to N. 36060/1155.

REFERENCE OF STATES MEMBERS OR EU TO THE COURT OF JUSTICE OF EU

The European Commission refers France, Germany, United Kingdom, Italy, Hungary and Romania to the European Court of Justice due to infringement of the institutionalized limits for air quality .

CONCLUSION

- Harmonious coexistence of economy-environment-society
- Compliance with the current applicable law for the protection of the environment and the decrease of pollution by the industries
- More frequent controls from the authorities and immediate action in the event of derogation

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!!